IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Keith Antravus DeSue,)	C/A No.: 1:18-2570-DCC-SVH
)	
Petitioner,)	
)	
vs.)	ORDER
)	
Warden Williams,)	
)	
Respondent.)	
)	

This matter is before the court on the motion of Keith Antravus DeSue ("Petitioner") for the court to appoint him counsel. [ECF No. 25]. Petitioner has no constitutional right to counsel in federal habeas proceedings. See Pennsylvania v. Finley, 481 U.S. 551, 555–56 (1987) (no constitutional right to counsel beyond first appeal of right); U.S. v. Riley, 21 F. App'x 139, 141–42 (4th Cir. 2001); Hunt v. Nuth, 57 F.3d 1327, 1340 (4th Cir. 1995) (no constitutional right to counsel during federal habeas). The court may, in its discretion, however, appoint counsel for a habeas petitioner when "the interests of justice so require." 18 U.S.C.A. § 3006A(a)(2) (West Supp. 1993); see also Riley, 21 F. App'x at 142.

The interests of justice require the court to appoint counsel when the district court conducts an evidentiary hearing on the petition. *See Hoggard v. Purkett*, 29 F.3d 469 (8th Cir. 1994); Rule 8(c), Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases in the United States District Courts. The appointment of counsel is

discretionary when no evidentiary hearing is necessary. See Hoggard, 29 F.3d

at 471. In exercising its discretion, the court should consider the legal

complexity of the case, the factual complexity of the case, and Petitioner's

ability to investigate and present his claims, along with any other relevant

factors. Id.; see also Battle v. Armontrout, 902 F.2d 701, 702 (8th Cir. 1990).

Where the issues involved can be properly resolved on the basis of the state

court record, a district court does not abuse its discretion in denying a

request for court-appointed counsel. See Hoggard, 29 F.3d at 471.

The court does not anticipate the need for an evidentiary hearing, as

the case will likely be resolved on the basis of the state court record. If the

court elects to hold an evidentiary hearing, Petitioner may renew his motion

or the court may appoint counsel sua sponte at that time. For the foregoing

reasons, Petitioner's motion to appoint counsel [ECF No. 25] is denied.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

January 29, 2019

Columbia, South Carolina

Shira V. Hodges

Shiva V. Hodges

United States Magistrate Judge

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